



Vishwakalyan Multistate Credit Co op Society Ltd. v. Oneup Entertainment Private Limited (SC)  
(2023) Law Today Live Doc. Id. 18485

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**SUPREME COURT OF INDIA**

Before: Abhay S.Oka & Pankaj Mithal, JJ.

Criminal Appeal No.2484 of 2023  
(Arising out of S.L.P.(Crl.) No.6318 of 2023)

**Decided on: 21.08.2023**

Vishwakalyan Multistate Credit Co op Society Ltd. - Appellant

***Versus***

Oneup Entertainment Private Limited - Respondent

For Petitioner(s):

Mr. Shashibhushan P. Adgaonkar, AOR, Mr. Omkar Jayant Deshpande, Adv., Mr. Rana Sandeep Bussa, Adv., Mr. Col. Amit Kumar, Adv., Mrs. Pradnya S Adgaonkar, Adv.

**Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (26 of 1881), Section 138 – Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), Section 202 -- Cheque bounce complaint -- Accused residing beyond jurisdiction – Enquiry under Section 202 Cr.P.C -- High Court set aside the order issuing process for non-compliance with the mandate of Section 202 of the CRPC, however no further direction was issued to the learned Judicial Magistrate to hold an inquiry u/s 202 of the CRPC -- Impugned judgment modified, Trial Court directed to proceed from the stage of Section 202 of the Cr.PC – While doing so, the learned Magistrate will be guided by the direction issued by the Constitution Bench, Re : Expeditious Trial of Cases Under Section 138 of N.I.Act, 1881, 2021 SCC OnLine SC 325 = 2021(2) L.A.R. 366 = (2021) Law Today Live Doc. Id. 16184, clause (3) of paragraph 24. "3) For the conduct of inquiry under Section 202 of the Code, evidence of witnesses on behalf of the complainant shall be permitted to be taken on affidavit. In suitable cases, the Magistrate can restrict the inquiry to examination of documents without insisting for examination of witnesses."**

**(Para 3-5)**

**Cases referred:**

1. In Re : Expeditious Trial of Cases Under Section 138 of N.I.Act, 1881, 2021 SCC OnLine SC 325 = 2021(2) L.A.R. 366 = (2021) Law Today Live Doc. Id. 16184.

**ORDER**

1. Leave granted.

2. Heard the learned counsel appearing for the appellant. Despite service, no one has entered appearance on behalf of the respondent.

3. The appellant is the complainant in a complaint filed under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (for short "the NI Act"). On 26th June, 2021, the Judicial Magistrate issued process on the complaint. By the impugned judgment, the High Court has held that as the respondent was having its office outside the jurisdiction of the Court of the learned Magistrate, it was necessary for the learned Magistrate to hold an inquiry under Section 202 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (for short "the CRPC"). In paragraph 15 of the impugned judgment, the High Court held that for non-compliance with the mandate of Section 202 of the CRPC, the order issuing process is illegal. Therefore, the High Court has proceeded to set aside the order issuing process. However, no further direction was issued by the High Court to the learned Judicial Magistrate to hold an inquiry under Section 202 of the CRPC.

4. We may note here that as far as complaints under Section 138 of the NI Act are concerned, this Court in *Suo Motu Writ Petition (Criminal) No.2 of 2020* in the case of **"In Re : Expeditious Trial of Cases Under Section 138 of N.I.Act, 1881<sup>1</sup> [12021 SCC OnLine SC 325]" = 2021(2) L.A.R. 366 = (2021) Law Today Live Doc. Id. 16184** has laid down the guidelines. In clause (3) of paragraph 24 of the said decision, the Constitution Bench has directed as under:

"3) For the conduct of inquiry under Section 202 of the Code, evidence of witnesses on behalf of the complainant shall be permitted to be taken on affidavit. In suitable cases, the Magistrate can restrict the inquiry to examination of documents without insisting for examination of witnesses."

5. We, therefore, modify the impugned judgment and direct the Trial Court to proceed from the stage of Section 202 of the CRPC. While doing so, the learned Magistrate will be guided by the direction issued by the Constitution Bench which is reproduced above.

6. With the above modification, the appeal is partly allowed.

7. The inquiry under Section 202 of the CRPC shall be conducted as expeditiously as possible and in any event within a period of one month from the date on which a copy of the order is received by the Trial Court.

**Appeal partly allowed.**

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